Total official support for sustainable development

Webinar for data analysts

21 May 2021, Virtual

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TOSSD Task Force Secretariat
OECD Development Co-operation Directorate (DCD)

Financing for Sustainable Development Division (FSD)
Statistical Standards and Methods Unit

Webinar Outline

- Module 1: Introduction to TOSSD, including Questions and Answers (45 mns)
- Break: 5 mns
- Module 2: How to use TOSSD data including Questions and Answers (60 mns)
- Wrap-up: 10 mns

Module 1: Introduction to TOSSD

Objectives of this module

Provide an introduction to the concept, rationale and current implementation status of TOSSD.

Learning outcomes

After the seminar, the trainee will be able to:

- Understand what TOSSD is about
- Describe its basic components and its two pillars
- Indicate at least 3 benefits of TOSSD
- Know a few elements of history about TOSSD
- Describe the current governance structure and how TOSSD is developed
- Describe the upcoming key milestones for TOSSD
- Know where to find basic information on TOSSD

Outline

1. **What is TOSSD?**
2. **Why is TOSSD needed?**
3. **Benefits of TOSSD**
   - For recipients of development co-operation
   - For providers of development co-operation
4. **Work of the International TOSSD Task Force**
5. **Collecting TOSSD data:** the 2019 data survey and 2020 data collection process
6. **Recent developments and next steps**
7. **Summary of key points**

1

What is TOSSD?

What is TOSSD?

TOSSD is a new international statistical measure that provides a complete picture of all official resources and private finance mobilised by official interventions in support of sustainable development and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

> *What is private finance mobilised by official interventions?*

> *These are private resources that would have not been invested in sustainable development without an official development intervention, such as the use of a guarantee.*

TOSSD

What is TOSSD?

A framework to measure resources in support of sustainable development

TOSSD reporters

Bilateral providers
(traditional and Southern providers)

Multilateral providers
(MDBs and other IFIs, UN agencies, other multilateral organisations)

Components considered in TOSSD

- Official Development Assistance (ODA) flows
- Other Official Flows (OOF)
- South-South co-operation
- Triangular co-operation
- Spending for International Public Goods (IPGs)
- Private finance mobilised by official interventions

Current data availability

Complete | Partial

Sustainability test

YES

NO

Excluded

TOSSD framework

Pillar I
Cross-border flows to TOSSD-eligible countries

Pillar II
Global and regional expenditures for International Public Goods

Private Finance Mobilised

What is TOSSD?

Key milestones

2015

A political anchorage for TOSSD: the international community committed to “open, inclusive and transparent discussions” on the new measure of TOSSD in **the Addis Ababa Action Agenda** (paragraph 55) in July 2015

2017

The International **TOSSD Task Force** was established.

2019

A first version of the TOSSD methodology was developed.

A TOSSD Data Survey was carried out.

2020

First regular data collection round was carried out.

The UN StatCom also mandated **a UN working group to develop a measure of development support** for presentation at the UN StatCom in March 2022, taking into account the TOSSD methodology.

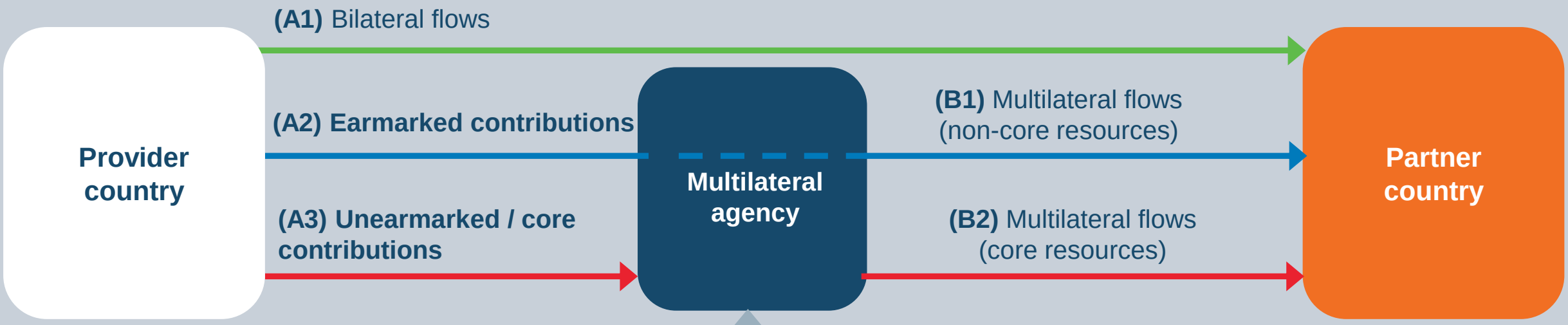
2021

Second regular data collection round (on 2020 activities) is ongoing.

TOSSD

What is TOSSD?

Main differences between TOSSD and ODA



In ODA

- Countries report on **A1, A2, A3**

To complement Information on resources to developing countries, in the CRS, multilateral institutions report on **B2 (only core resources)**

Funds raised from private sources

In TOSSD – A recipient perspective

- Countries report on **A1** (also on A2 and A3 for cross-checking purposes with B1 and B2)
- Multilateral institutions report on **B1 and B2**

TOSSD

Main differences between TOSSD and ODA

TOSSD	ODA
Objective of the measure	
Measuring resources in support of sustainable development	Measuring donor effort
Key eligibility criterion of the measure	
Sustainable development	Economic development and welfare of developing countries
Main focus	
Recipient	Provider
Scope of flows covered	
Officially-supported flows: official flows and private finance mobilised through official interventions	Official flows
Concessional and non-concessional	Concessional

Main differences between TOSSD and ODA

TOSSD	ODA
Measurement	
Cash flow	Grant equivalent
Target countries	
OECD DAC List of ODA Recipients and other countries on an opt-in basis	OECD DAC List of ODA Recipients
Reporters	
Ambition: All providers	OECD DAC and some non-DAC countries
Governance arrangements	
Ambition: driven by the international community through the UN	OECD DAC-driven

What is TOSSD?

The concept of sustainability

‘Sustainable Development’ is defined as development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.

Definition first used in the Brundtland Report. (See Report of the World Commission on Environment and Development: Our Common Future”, Chapter 2 “Towards Sustainable Development”, p. 41, New York: UN, 1987.)

‘Sustainable Development’ in the TOSSD context is inherently **linked to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)** as agreed in the 2030 Agenda.

An activity is deemed to support sustainable development if it **directly contributes to at least one of the SDG targets and if no substantial detrimental effect** is anticipated on one or more of the other targets.

2

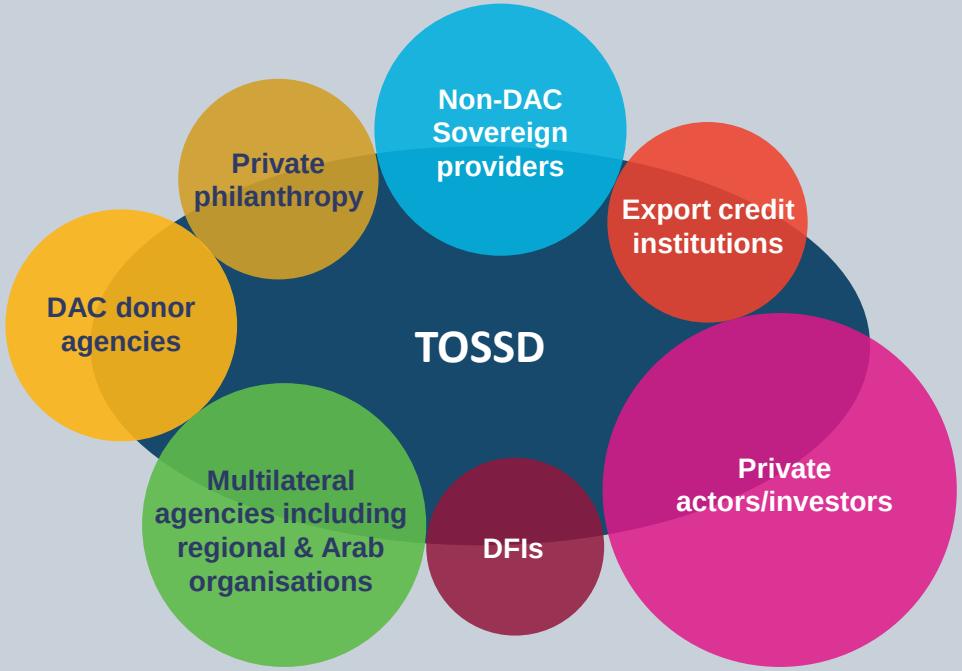
Why is TOSSD needed?

Why is TOSSD needed?

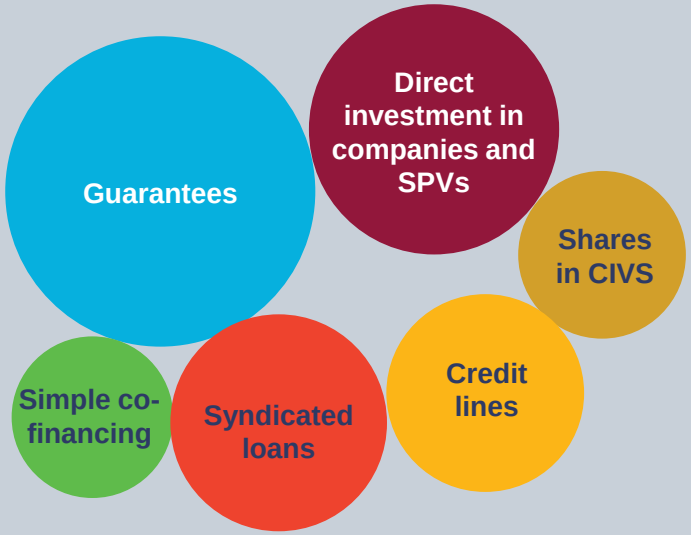
Long term trends

The financial landscape for sustainable development has changed drastically. TOSSD will better reflect this complex landscape than existing international statistics on development finance.

More actors



More instruments



Greater focus on sustainability

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

TOSSD

Why is TOSSD needed?

TOSSD Pillar II will capture resources in support of International Public Goods and Development Enablers, and to address global challenges.

One of the core features of the SDGs is their universality

To valorise all aspects of the 2030 Agenda, for example work generating global norms that benefit all countries

International Public Goods are key enablers of sustainable development for all, including TOSSD-eligible countries

To make some of the domestic action for global sustainable development more visible

Questions & answers

Do you have any questions?

3

Benefits of TOSSD

Benefits of TOSSD

Benefits for recipients of development co-operation

Greater transparency and accountability

- TOSSD provides more granular information on resources available for recipient countries' sustainable development.
- TOSSD can be used as a data source to compile statistics for the Balance of Payments.

Better development planning

TOSSD informs development planning processes. For example, to improve how financing packages are put together.

Improved SDG monitoring

TOSSD allows countries to view, monitor and track all officially supported resources by SDG goals and targets.

TOSSD

Benefits for providers of development co-operation

TOSSD valorises a greater set of resources and actors

- South-South and Triangular co-operation.
- Private finance mobilised.
- Non-concessional resources.

TOSSD provides a more comprehensive reflection of global contributions to sustainable development.

TOSSD is an inclusive international reporting framework with a diverse governance system.

- Southern providers, recipient countries, traditional providers and multilateral organisations decide collectively on what and how sustainable development is recorded.
- Experts are consulted on specific issues for example on peace & security and communicable diseases. The CSO community also participates in the Task Force as an observer.

Benefits of TOSSD for recipients and providers of development co-operation – Pilot studies

The TOSSD Task Force Secretariat is carrying out a series of country and thematic pilot studies to test the TOSSD methodology and make sure that the framework addresses the information needs of recipient countries.

2018
The Philippines
Senegal

2019
Costa Rica
Nigeria
Peace and security

2020
Burkina Faso
Indonesia

2021
Health
Chile
Data pilot

Benefits of TOSSD for recipients and providers of development co-operation – Pilot studies

Example of key findings:

Indonesia

TOSSD could fill **key information gaps** on private finance mobilized by official interventions and make its development co-operation programme **more visible**.

Costa Rica

TOSSD enhances Costa Rica's **visibility as a world leader** on sustainability, potentially boosting external resources for this agenda.

Nigeria

TOSSD would give the opportunity to Nigeria to develop a **centralised database** for the country's contribution as a provider.

Burkina Faso

TOSSD has the potential to provide **greater transparency** of development co-operation data and **fill key information gaps** for Burkina Faso's development co-operation report.

Benefits of TOSSD

Benefits for multilateral institutions

TOSSD provides a more accurate and comprehensive picture of their portfolio.

- Earmarked and core-funded activities by multilateral institutions.

TOSSD improves transparency on activities related to the global development agenda.

- Activities linked to International Public Goods that are not ODA eligible, e.g. standard-setting activities (global agenda)

TOSSD gives greater visibility to their non-concessional portfolio

- Non-concessional activities funded by multilateral institutions.

Questions & answers

Do you have any questions ?

4

Work of the International TOSSD Task Force

Work of the International Task Force

Established in 2017 following the Addis Ababa Action Agenda.

(Addis Ababa – paragraph 55)

Mandate:
To develop and maintain the TOSSD methodology.

Transparency:
All documents are posted on the TOSSD website to allow for "open, inclusive and transparent" discussions.

The main output of the Task Force:
The TOSSD Reporting Instructions = the TOSSD statistical methodology.

Work of the International TOSSD Task Force

Task Force membership

Co-chairs:
Mr Risenga Maluleke (South Africa) and
Mr Laurent Sarazin (European Union)

27 Members
23 countries
4 Multilateral institutions

7 Observers
a CSO representative + six countries
(CAITEC - China, Norway, Romania, Germany, Russia, Mexico)

TOSSD

Questions & answers

Do you have any questions?

5

Collecting TOSSD data

The first TOSSD data collection was very successful

92 Respondents

of which…

43 Countries

49 Multilateral organisations

Including UN entities and MDBs

First-time data from 13 countries and multilateral entities

Chile

Costa Rica

Indonesia

Nigeria

Global Partnership for Education

Private Infrastructure Development Group

SESRIC

UN Capital Development Fund

UNCTAD

UNIDO

UN inter-agency pooled funds

UN Office on Drugs and Crime

UN Secretariat

TOSSD

TOSSD Highlight Figures 2019

USD 296 billion + **USD 47 billion**

gross disbursements

Data available at https://tossd.online/

The figures include

- USD 63 billion of estimated data gaps derived from CRS for non respondents (included only at aggregated level)

The figures do not include

- EIB pillar 2 activities for USD 17 billion, reported on a commitment basis (included in the downloadable dataset on tossd.online)

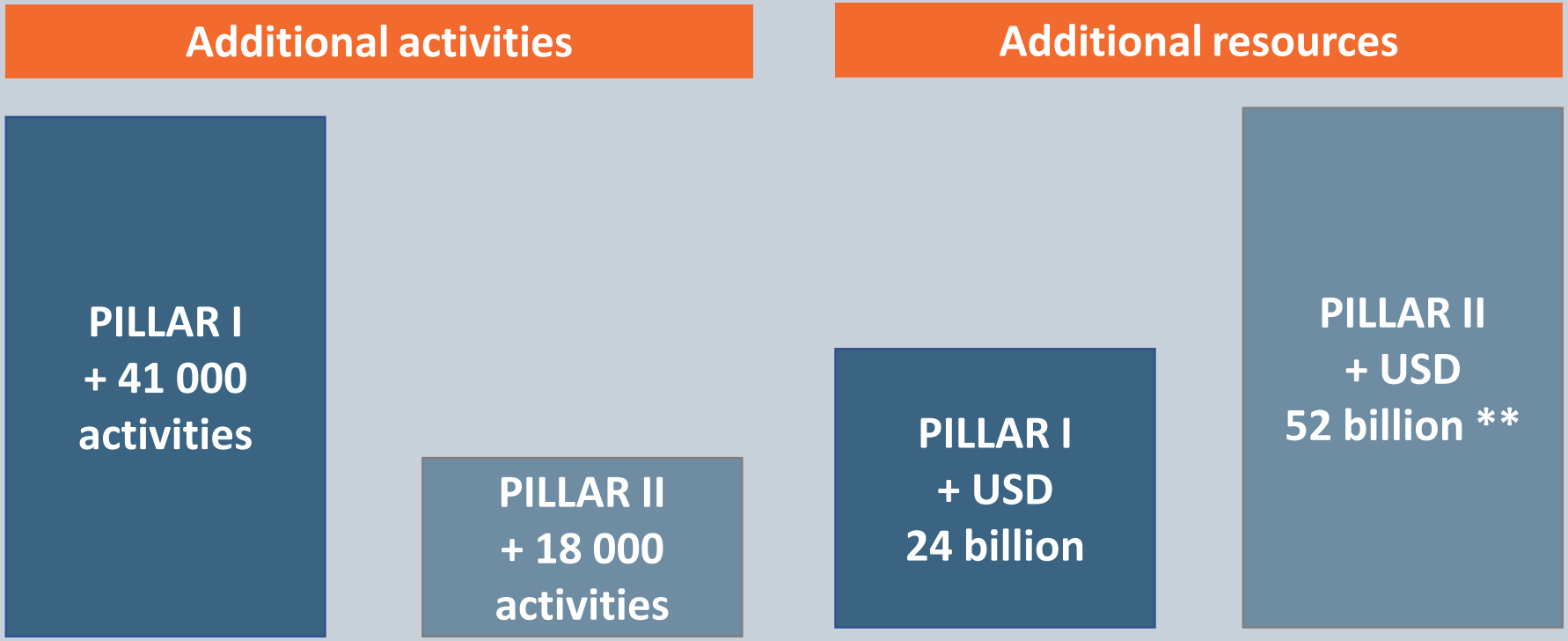
Some of the mobilisation data are confidential

- Only USD 13 billion are fully disclosed on tossd.online as of March 2021.
- MDBs' data on mobilisation are treated as confidential pending agreement on the appropriate level of aggregation in public disclosure.

TOSSD

TOSSD discloses additional data

TOSSD data capture close to 60 000 activities not reported so far*, representing an additional USD 76 billion in official support. TOSSD also discloses additional details on multilateral activities.



* Compared to OECD statistics on development finance

** Includes USD 17 bn from EIB on a commitment basis

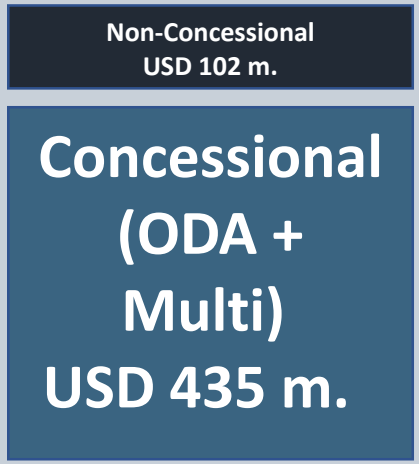
TOSSD

Pillar I – More transparency to recipient countries

For example, for **Guatemala**

228 additional activities reported

+ 37% compared to Concessional finance (ODA + Multilateral outflows)



TOSSD
USD 597 m.

Examples of previously unreported activities

South-South co-operation:
- Various activities – Chile

Activities beyond ODA for DAC members:
- Peace and security (Fight against transnational crimes, border security) – France & Canada

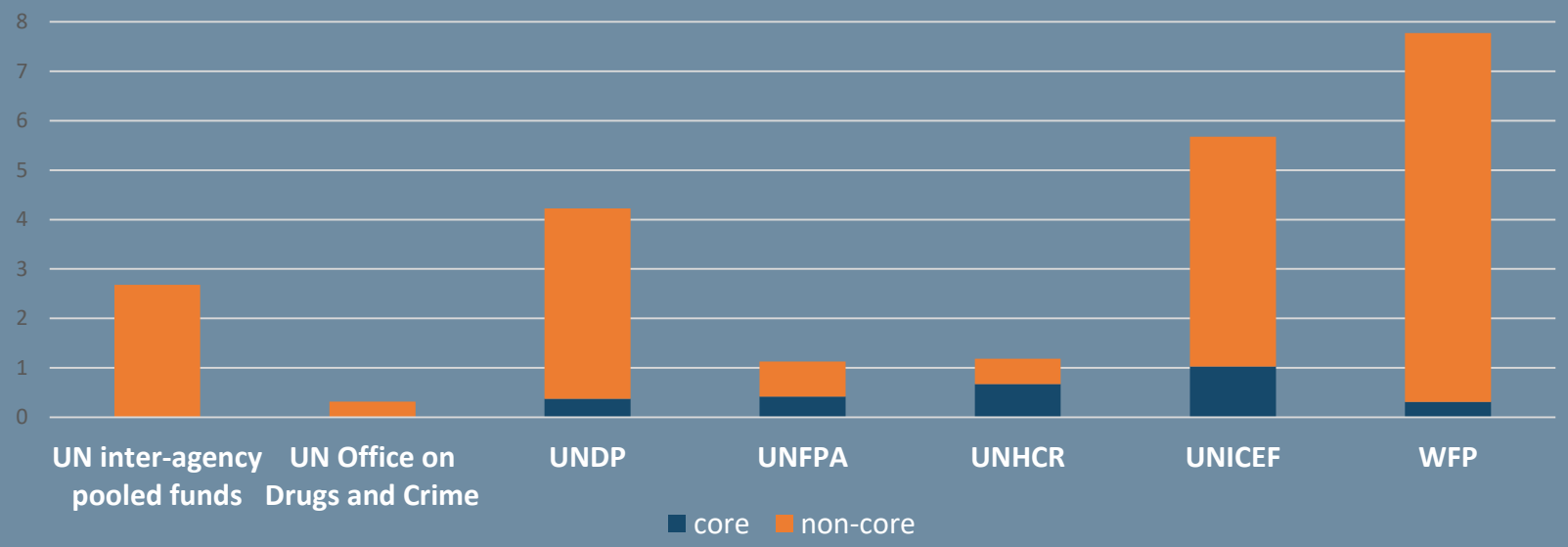
Non-core resources by multilateral organisations:
- Water supply by IDB (Spanish thematic fund)
- Working Conditions in the Agro-Export Sector by ILO
- Ending violence against women by UN inter-agency pooled funds
- Strengthen justice & security sectors by UNODC
- Social protection by UNDP
- Other activities by UNFPA, UNICEF, WFP, WHO

TOSSD

Pillar I – more details on multilateral activities

Multilateral institutions report in TOSSD activities funded with both core and non-core contributions, offering more details on the reported activities

UN entities: new data and additional details on non-core resources (**USD 20 billion)**



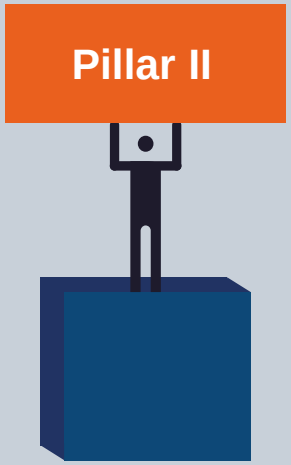
MDBs: new data and additional details on their trust funds' operations

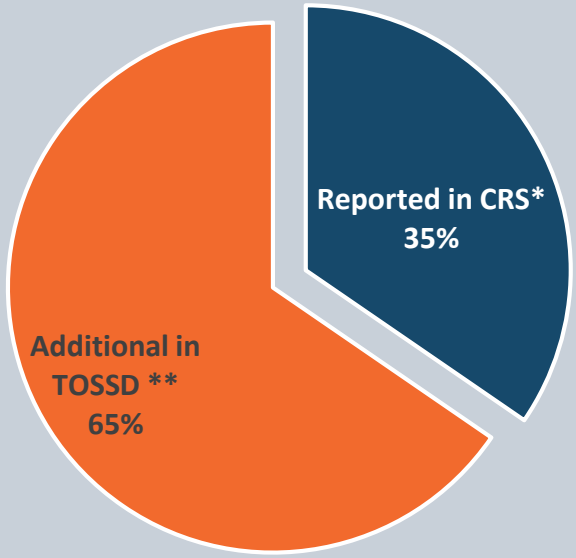
+ 64 Trust Funds
+ 638 activities

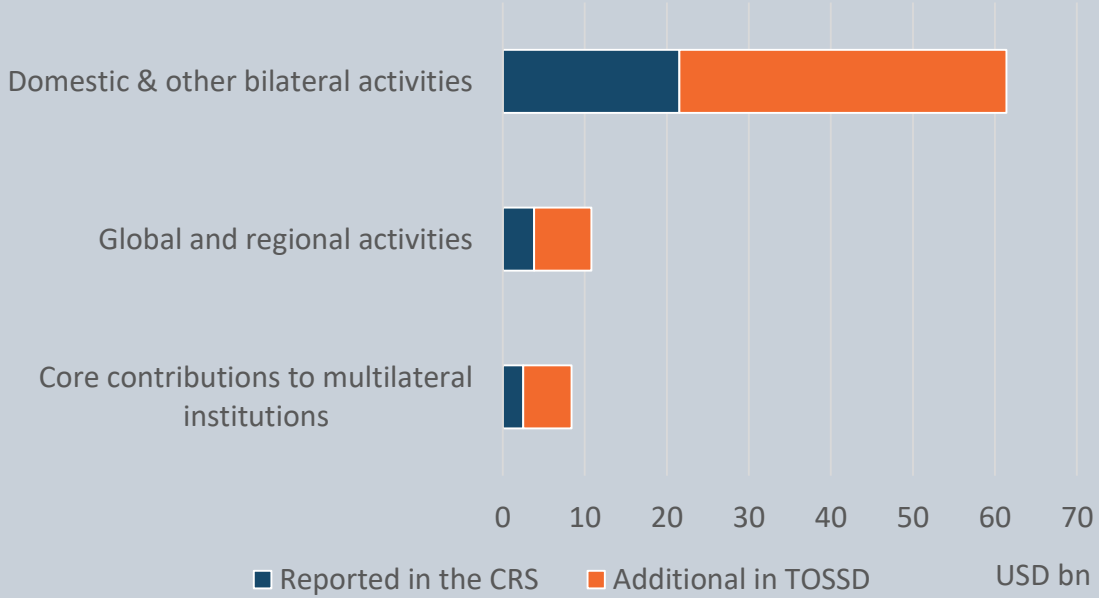
TOSSD

Pillar II - first official statistics on the financing of international public goods

65% of the financing for IPGs captured in TOSSD is additional *







* Compared to OECD statistics on development finance (CRS)

** Includes USD 17 bn from EIB on a commitment basis and does not include the estimated data gaps derived from the CRS for non-respondents

TOSSD

TOSSD PILLAR II – some examples

BIODIVERSITY

- **Capturing activities with benefits of transnational reach**

- Costa Rica: Domestic budgetary expenditures on conservation areas for environmental services to keep global biodiversity (USD 59 million)

HEALTH

- **TOSSD can be used as a framework to capture contributions to control the COVID-19 pandemic**

- International partnership: Development of a next generation universal influenza vaccine. A partnership between various countries that addresses the global health and economic challenge posed by influenza infections. (USD 11 million)

ENERGY AND CLIMATE

- **Contribution to future clean energy facilities**

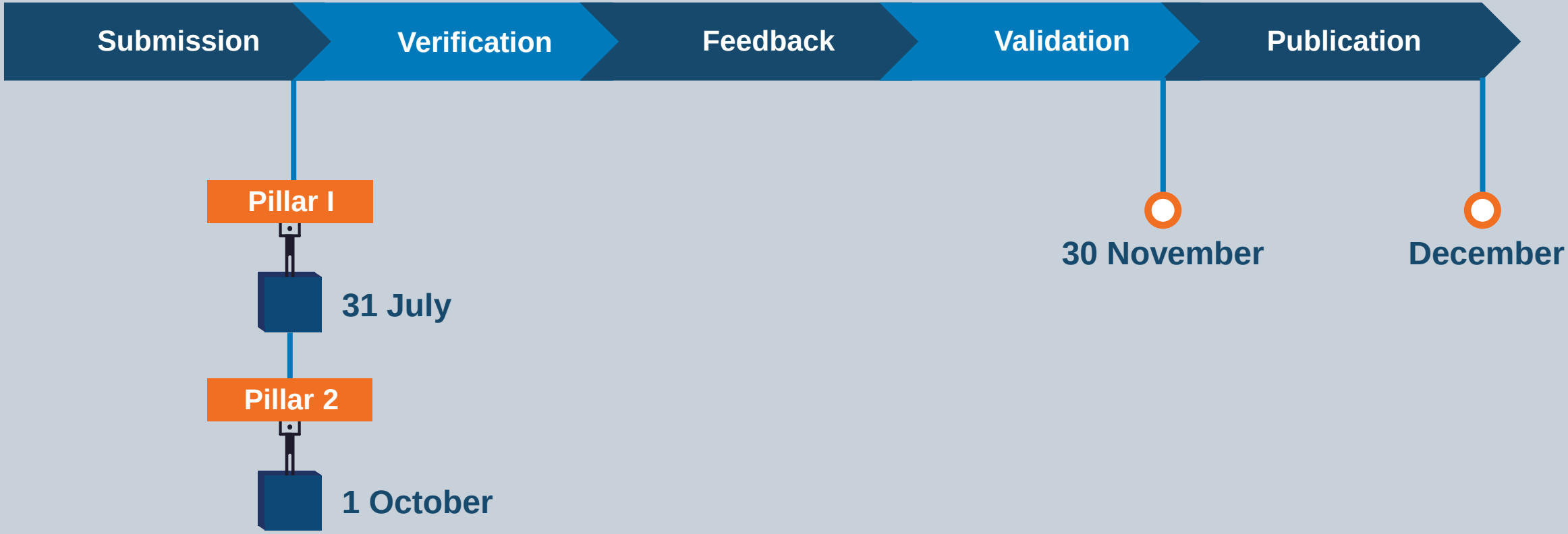
- International partnership on the design and construction of a research infrastructure that is aimed at contributing to the development of fusion energy (the Divertor Tokamak Test facility)

- Part of the ITER project on nuclear fusion energy, a collaboration among various northern and southern countries (USD 250 million)

Collecting TOSSD data

2021 Data collection process

Providers should submit their TOSSD Pillar I data by 31 July and their Pillar II data by 1 October. TOSSD data will get published in December 2021.

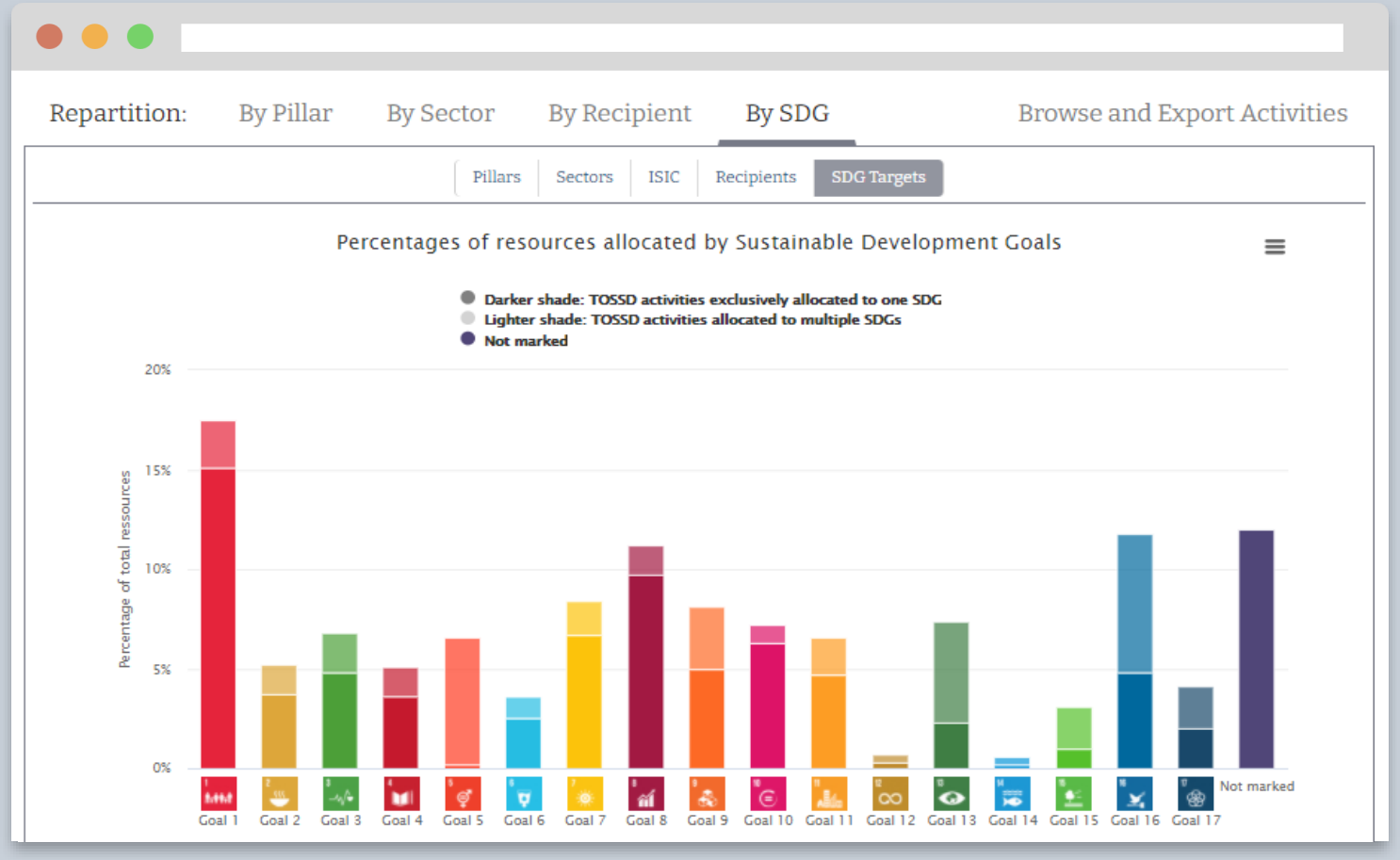


TOSSD

Collecting TOSSD data

Data visualisation tool

All TOSSD data are published under the TOSSD data visualisation tool: https://tossd.online/



Questions & answers

Do you have any questions?

6

Recent developments and next steps

UN working group

The UN StatCom mandated a UN working group at its 51st session on 3-6 March 2020 to develop a measure of development support over a period of 1.5 years for presentation at the UN StatCom in March 2022, taking into account the TOSSD methodology.

TOSSD data set

First TOSSD data are now available on 2019 expenditures.

Upcoming key events

- **June 2021:** 13th TOSSD Task Force meeting
- **6 July – 15 July 2021:** High-Level Political Forum

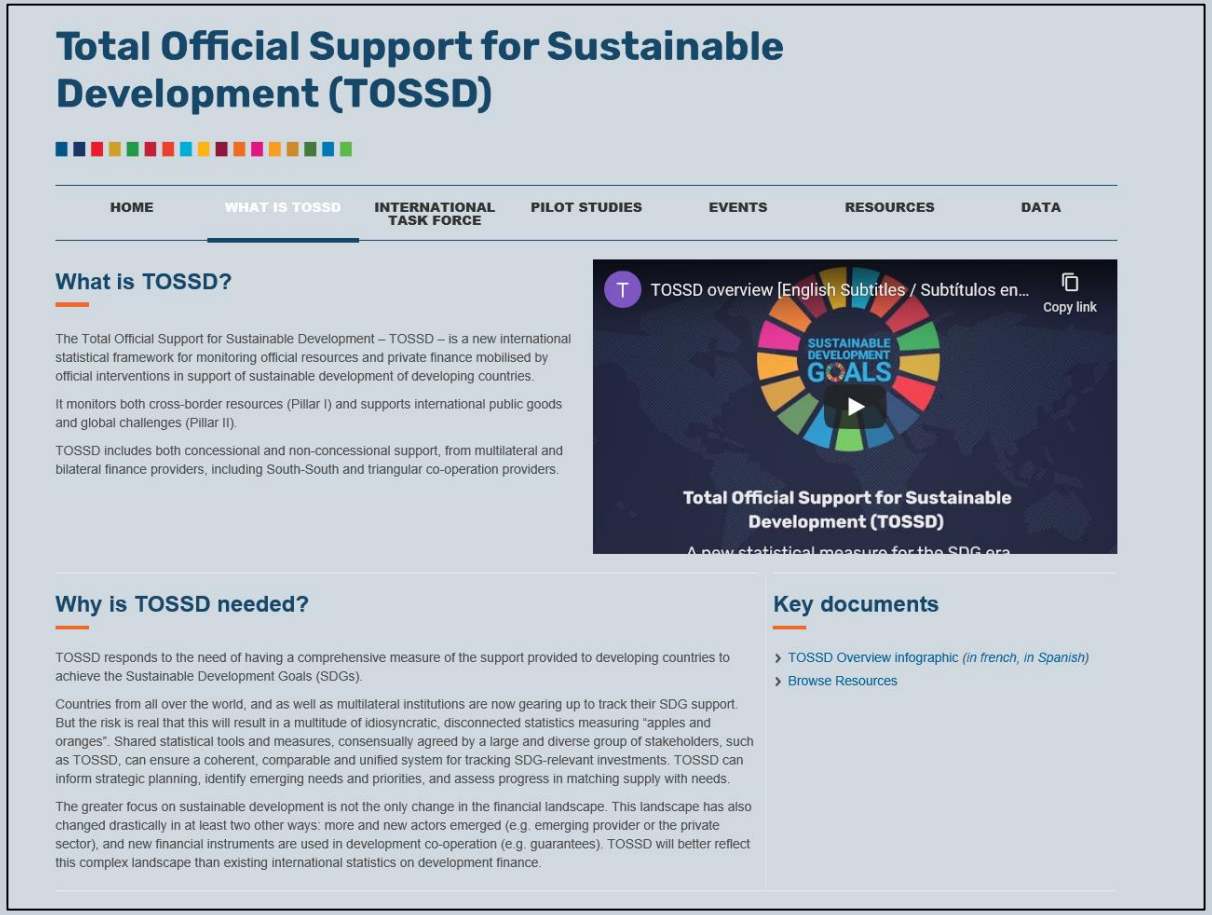
Pilot studies in 2021

- **Thematic pilot on health** as an International Public Good.
- **Data pilot** to compare TOSSD data reported by providers with information available in recipient countries' public financial systems.
- **Chile pilot** to ensure that TOSSD can adequately record providers' contributions for sustainable development.

Recent developments and next steps

Releases

www.tossd.org



www.tossd.online data visualisation tool.

Questions & answers

Do you have any questions?

7

Summary of key points

Summary of key points

TOSSD is a new **international statistical measure** that provides a complete picture of all official resources and private finance mobilised by official interventions in support of sustainable development and the SDGs.

TOSSD tracks **cross-border flows in Pillar I** and **contributions to International Public Goods in Pillar II**.

TOSSD brings **benefits to both recipient and provider countries and greater transparency** of development co-operation data.

Summary of key points

An inclusive **International Task Force** develops and maintains the TOSSD methodology.

The first round of **data collection** took place in 2020 and data are available online at: www.tossd.online.

A working group was created in March 2020 to **develop an indicator on the measurement of development support for target 17.3 of the Global SDG Indicator Framework, taking into account the TOSSD methodology**. It should present a proposal to the UN Statistical Commission in March 2022.

References

Websites

Main website

http://www.tossd.org/

TOSSD Data visualisation website

http://www.tossd.online/

Infographics on TOSSD

TOSSD overview

https://www.tossd.org/docs/TOSSD-Infographic-2020-ENG.pdf

Main findings of the TOSSD Data Survey

(English, French, Spanish)

Videos

TOSSD presentation

https://youtu.be/wVqW87AWQ2I

(English/French/Spanish subtitles)

TOSSD strategic vision

Mr. Risenga Maluleke

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=of8ondtj3Z4

Gabon perspective on TOSSD

Mr. Jean Nestor Nguema Mebane

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-pXuhhXkVTQ

TOSSD

References

Pilot studies

https://www.tossd.org/pilot-studies-and-analyses/

Including on:

- **Burkina Faso**
- **Costa Rica**
- **Nigeria**
- **Peace and Security**
- **The Philippines**
- **Senegal**
- **… and more**

Key reference documents

TOSSD Reporting Instructions

https://www.tossd.org/docs/reporting-instructions.pdf

Background documents of the TOSSD Task Force since 2017

https://www.tossd.org/task-force/

Addis Ababa Action Agenda 2015

https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/2051AAAA_Outcome.pdf

Thank you

www.tossd.org

Co-funded by the
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